## Identification

Multics Segment List Global Ascii Formating Command msl\_global\_format

Edwin W. Meyer, Jr.

## Purpose

msl\_global\_format converts the list structure information of a Multics

Segment List (MSL) into an ascii segment which prints as a columnar listing.

It includes a representation of all items for each name entry. This command is intended as a checkout tool during the creation of an MSL, or for the periodic listing of every item in an MSL.

## Printing Format

msl\_global\_format lists each entry in a columnar format that requires at least two lines per entry. Multiple superior names or inferior names and pathnames are listed on separate lines in the appropriate column.

no. chars.	char pos.	<u>item</u>
20	1-20	name
2	22-24	two letter type abbreviation
8	26-33	source_instal
8	26-33 (line 2)	object_instal
6	35-40	system_id
3	42-44	who_auth
3	42-44 (line 2)	who_mod
8	46-53	area_use
8	46-53 (line 2)	document
20	55-74	superior_list entry names in
		this column on the first and
		succeeding lines.
20	76-95	inferior_list entry names in this
		column on the first and succeeding
		lines.
27	97-123	path_list items in this column
	•	on the first and succeeding
		lines.

## Usage

call msl\_global\_format (msl\_path, ascii\_path);

created (optional argument).

msl\_global\_format interrogates the MSL 'msl\_path' and places ascii formated lines into the created segment 'ascii\_path'. If the ascii list overflows a single 64K segment, subsequent output segments will be created having as names 'ascii\_path' concatenated with "\_1", "\_2", etc.

If the optional argument 'ascii\_path' is absent, the effect is as though it were msl\_path.g\_format.

Both msl\_path and ascii\_path may be either full pathnames or entry names, in which case the working directory will be assumed as the resident directory.