Published: 10/30/69

## <u>Identification</u>

Multics Segment List Global Ascii Formatting Command msl\_global\_format Edwin W. Meyer, Jr.

## Purpose

msl\_global\_format converts the list structure information of a Multics Segment List (MSL) into an ascii segment which prints as a columnar listing. It includes a representation of all items for each name entry. This command is intended as a checkout tool during the creation of an MSL, or for the periodic listing of every item in an MSL.

## Printing Format

msl\_global\_format lists each entry in a columnar format that requires at least two lines per entry. Multiple superior names or inferior names and pathnames are listed on separate lines in the appropriate column.

no. chars.	char pos.	item
20	1-20	name
2	22-24	two letter type abbreviation
8	26-33	source_instal
8	26-33 (line 2)	object_instal
6	35-40	system_id
3	42-44	who_auth
3	42-44 (line 2)	who_mod
8	46-53	area_use
8	46-53 (line 2)	document
20	55-74	superior_list entry names in this column on the first and succeeding lines
20	76 <b>-</b> 95	<pre>inferior_list entry names in this column on the first and succeeding lines</pre>
27	97 <b>-1</b> 23	path_list items in this column on the first and succeeding lines

## <u>Usage is:</u>

call msl\_global\_format (msl\_path, ascii\_path);

msl\_global\_format interrogates the MSL "msl\_path" and places ascii formatted lines into the created segment "ascii\_path". If the ascii list overflows a single 64K segment, subsequent output segments will be created having as names "ascii\_path" concatenated with "\_1", "\_2", etc.

If the optional argument "ascii\_path" is absent, the effect is as though it were msl\_path".g\_format".

Both "msl\_path" and "ascii\_path" may be either full pathnames or entry names, in which case the working directory will be assumed as the resident directory.