TO:

Distribution

FROM:

Joan Archer Scott

DATE:

24 November 75

RE:

Multics Change Requests

Enclosed are copies of Multics Change Requests which were approved from 16 November 75 through 30 November 75.

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Ver. 3 741022 MULTICS CHANGE REQUEST	MCR 1338
TITLE: Standardize iox_ error codes. AUTHOR: Larry Johnson	STATUS DATE
Planned for System: not applicable Fixes Bug Number(s): not applicable Documented in MTB: not applicable Incompatible Change: yes User/Operations-visible Interface Change: yes Coded in: (M)PL/I (M)ALM ()other-see below Performance: ()better (M)same ()worse DOCUMENTATION CHANGES (specify one or more) MPM (vol, sect) subr MPAM (sect) MOSN (sect) MSAM (sect) PLMs (AN#) Info Segs Other	CATEGORY (check one) ()Lib. Maint. Tools ()Sys. Anal. Tools ()Sys. Prog. Tools ()355 ()BOS ()Salvager ()Ring Zero ()Ring One ()SysDaemon/Admin ()Runtime ((A) User Command/Subr
OBJECTIONS/COMMENTS:	

Headings are: SUMMARY, REASONS, IMPLICATIONS, DETAILED PROPOSAL (optional)

Summary

A call to an iox_ entry to read data (get_chars, get_line, or read_record) that returns an error code may also return data. The cases where this can happen should be consistently defined for all I/O modules.

Reasons

A generalized program which is written to work with any I/O module (such as the io_call command or PL/I runtime I/O) has no consistent way of determining if it has been returned any good data along with the error code.

Detailed proposal

Allow only two error codes ever to be returned with data. These would be error_table_\$short_record and error_table_\$long_record. Whenever either of these error codes are returned, the caller should be able to assume that the variable containing the numbers of characters returned (the 4th parameter on input calls) is valid, along with the data in the buffer. If any other error code is returned, the value of this variable would be undefined, and the data in the buffer would be in general unpredicatable.

This would affect the various iox_ input entry points as follows:

get_chars

error_table_\$long_record would never be returned. error_table_\$short_record would be returned whenever less bytes than requested are returned. This is how iox_\$get_chars is currently documented, but vfile_ currently returns error_table_\$end_of_info if more bytes are requested than are left in the file.

get_line

error_table_\$long_record would be returned when the line would not fit in the buffer. The data that fits would be retuned in this case. error_table_\$short_record is returned when the remaining data in the file fits in the buffer but does not end in a newline. get_line is currently documented to return end_of_info in the latter case.

read_record

error_table_\$long_record is returned if the record does not fit. The portion that fits is returned. error_table_\$short_record is never returned. This is not a change.

<u>Implications</u>

Some I/O modules will have to be modified to conform to these standards.

Notes

There may be cases where an I/O module may want to return data with an error code. For example, a tape I/O module that has read a record with a parity error may want to do this so that a specialized program could attempt to recover some good data. These cases are beyond the scope of most programs and they should be able to assume there is no data in this case.

An alternate proposal would be to have the number of bytes returned variable always be valid after an iox_call. This would involve all I/would modules returning 0 in this variable if there is really no data. This is awkward to do in cases where the I/O module does not support a particular entry point. There would also be no way to handle the tape record error mentioned previously.

Documentation changes

The description of the iox_\$get_line entry point must be changed to show the new error code returned.

Entry: iox_\$get_line

This entry point reads 9-bit bytes from the unstructured file or device to which an I/O switch is attached. The switch must be open for stream_input or stream_input_output. Bytes are read until the input buffer is filled, a newline character is read, or end of file is reached, whichever occurs first. A code of O is returned if and only if a newline character is read into the buffer (it will be the last character read). If the input buffer is filled without reading a newline character, the code error_table_\$long_record is returned. The contents of the buffer beyon the last byte read are undefined.

If the switch is attached to a file, bytes are read beginning with the next byte, and the next byte position designator is advanced by the number of bytes read. If the end of file is reached without reading a newline character, the next byte position designator is set to end of file and the code error_table_\$short_record is returned.

I/O Module changes

The following list shows how some of the existing I/O modules are affected by this MCR.

vfile_

get_chars must be changed to work according to the current standard (it returns end_of_info when it should return short_record). get_line must be changed to return short_record when appropriate.

record_stream_

should be changed to interpret the new meanings of error codes returned by I/O modules to which it is attached. In some of the cases, it may be able to make a reasonable recovery.

rdisk_

should be changed to return buffer_big instead of long_record if given a buffer too large.

tty_

is not affected

tape_mult_

should be changed to return short_record where appropriate at the end of the tape.

Callers of iox

A survey of currently installed iox_callers has not revealed any which will stop working as a result of this change, although it is convievable that some programs could be affected. The most like area of incompatibility would be in the interpretation of the record length when error_table_\$end_of_info is returned. Although this MCR proposes that the length in this case be assumed to be zero (no data returned), it would be helpful if existing I/O modules set the value explicitly to zero in case there are programs which check it.

Info segment

09/29/95 iox_changes

The error codes returned by iox_ modules in input operations are being standardized.

get_chars: Will return the error code error_table_\$short record whenever there are fewer bytes than requested available. In particular, an I/O lodule will never return error_table_\$end_of_info in this case. This conforms with current iox_ documentation.

get_line: Will return error_table_\$short_record when the remaining data in the input stream (or file) does not contain a newline character. Currently, error_table_\$end_of_info is documented as the error returned in this case.

Effects of change: The result of these changes is that the iox_ input entry points will return consistent error codes. Also, no I/O module will ever return error_table_\$end_on_info unless there is no data to return. The case of a partial last record in the file will be reported with the code error_table_\$short_record.

1 Ver. 3 1 741022 NULTICS CHANGE REQUEST	MCR 1479			
I TITLE: install copy_file command	SIATUS DATE			
1 AUTHOR: Ross E. Kilnger	1 Status 1A 11/19/75 1 1 Expires 1 04/29/76 1			
1 Planned for Systems not applicable	11			
1 Fixes Bug Number(s): not applicable	1 CATEGORY (check one)			
1 Documented in MTB# 222, amended	1()Lib. Maint. Tools !			
1 Incompatible Change: no	1()Sys. Anal. Tools 1			
1 User/Operations-visible Interface Change: yes	1()Sys. Prog. Tools 1			
1 Coded In: (B)PL/I ()ALM ()other-see below	1()355			
1 Performance: ()better (E)same ()worse	1()805			
1	1()Salvager I			
1_DOCUMENTATION_CHANGES (specify one or more)	1()Ring Zero 1			
	1()Ring One			
	1()SysDaemon/Admin 1			
	1()Runtime			
1 Info Segs copy_file.info	1(B)User Command/Subr 1			
1 Other	1			
1	1			
OBJECTIONS/COMMEN 1S*				
The words "keyed sequential" should replace "indexed sequential" throughout the docur				

Headings are: SUMMARY, REASONS, IMPLICATIONS, DETAILED PROPOSAL (optional)

CSUMMARY: install the copy_file command as described in MTB - 222, amended, in the Standard Service System. The command provides a general purpose switch-to-switch copying facility.

REASONS: no such command presently exists, although a clear need for such a facility does exist.

IMPLICATIONS: none.

DETAILED PROPOSAL: see amended MTB-222 MPM documentation, attached.

copy_file

copy_file

Names: copy_file, cf

This command copies records from an input file to an output file. The input and output file types must be structured. (See <u>Unstructured Files</u>, below, for an explanation of how this type of file may be copied.) The input file may be copied either partially, or in its entirety.

Usage

copy_file input_spec output_spec -control_args-

wheret

- 1. Input_spec specifies the input file from which records are read. It may be either an I/O switch name, or an attach description. (See Notes, below.)
 - -Input_switch switchname
 - -isw switchname

specifies the input file by means of an already attached I/O switch name, switchname.

- -input_file "XXX"
- -1f "XXX" specifies the input file by means of an attach description, XXX. The attach description string must be enclosed within quotes.
- 2. output_spec specifies the output file to which these records are written. It may be either an I/O switch name, or an attach description. (See Notes, below.)
 - -output_switch switchname
 - -osw switchname

specifies the output file by means of an already attached I/O switch name, switchname.

- -output_file "XXX"
- -of "XXX" specifies the output file by means of an attach description, XXX. The attach description string must be enclosed within quotes.
- 3. control_args may be one or more of the following optional control arguments. (See Notes, below.)

-keyed

specifies that both records and keys are copied from an indexed sequential input file to an indexed sequential output file. The default is to copy records from an input file (either indexed or not) to a sequential output file. (See <u>Indexed Files</u>, below.)

-from I -fm I

specifies that records are copied beginning with the Ith record of the input file. I must be a positive integer. The default is to begin copying with the "next record". (See Notes, below.)

-start XXX

specifies that records are copied beginning with the record whose key is XXX. XXX must be 256 or fewer ASCII characters. The default is to begin copying with the "next record".

-to J

specifies that copying is performed until the Jth record has been copied, or the input file exhausted, whichever occurs first. If this control argument is specified, -from must also be specified. J must be a positive integer, greater than or equal to I. The default is to perform copying until the input file is exhausted.

-stop XXX -sp XXX

specifies that copying is performed until the record whose key is XXX has been copied, or the input file is exhausted, whichever occurs first. XXX must be 256 or fewer ASCII characters. The default is to perform copying until the input file is exhausted.

-count N

specifies that copying is performed until N records have been copied, or the input file exhausted, whichever occurs first. N must be a positive integer. The default is to perform copying until the input file is exhausted.

-all. -a specifies that copying is performed until the input file is exhausted. This is the default.

- -brief, -bf specifies that an informative message indicating the number of records actually copied is suppressed.
- -long. -lg specifies that an informative message indicating the number of records actually copied is printed. This is the default.

Unstructured Files

copy_file operates by performing record I/O on structured files. If it is desired to copy from/to an unstructured file, the record_stream_ I/O module may used, e.g.:

cf -if "record_stream_ -target vfile_ pathname" -osw OUT

The effect is to take lines from the file specified by pathname <u>via</u> vfile, transform them into records <u>via</u> record_stream_, and then copy them to the I/O switch named OUT.

Indexed Files

copy_file can process an indexed sequential file either as such, or as though it were purely sequential. The former case is specified by the -keyed control argument; the output file is indexed sequential, and both records and keys are copied. The latter case is defaulted to by omitting the -keyed control argument; the output file is sequential, and only records are copied. In either case, the -start and/or -stop control arguments may be used to delimit the range of records copied. Copying is always performed in key order.

The copy command may also be used to copy both the records and keys of an indexed sequential storage system file; however, copy produces an exact duplicate of the input file, whereas copy_file produces an output file that has been restructured for maximum compactness. (See the MPM write-up of the copy command.)

Notes

If either the input or output specification is an attach description, it is used to attach an uniquely-named I/O switch to the file. The switch is opened, the copy performed, and then the switch is closed and detached. Alternately, the input or output file may be specified by an I/O switch name. Either the io_call command or lox_ subroutine may be used to attach the file prior

to the invocation of copy_file. (See the MPM write-ups of the lo_call command and lox_ subroutine.)

If the input file is specified by an I/O switch name and the switch is not open, copy_file opens it for (keyed_)sequential_input, performs the copy, and closes it. If the switch is already open when copy_file is invoked, it is not closed after the copy has been performed; the file is left positioned immediately after the last record copied.

If neither the -start nor -from control argument is used to specify an absolute starting position within the input file, copying begins with the "next record". If the I/O switch is opened by copy_file, the next record is the first record of the file; otherwise, the next record is that record at which the file is positioned when copy_file is invoked.

If the output file is specified by an I/O switch name and the switch is not open, copy_file opens it for (keyed_)sequential_output, performs the copy, and closes it. If the switch is already open when copy_file is invoked, it is not closed after the copy has been performed; the file is left positioned immediately after the last record copied.

The -brief and -tong control arguments are mutually exclusive. The informative message appears as follows:

345 records copied.

The -from and -start control arguments are mutually exclusive.

The -to, -stop, -count, and -all control arguments are mutually exclusive.

Examples

1) Copy an entire file from an already attached file to the segment in_copy;

cf -isw in -of "vfile_ in_copy"

- 2) Copy the first 13 records from a tape file to an output file. (This normally would result in their being printed on the user's console.)
 - cf -ct 13 -if "tape_ansi_ 887677 -name TEST21 -ret all"
 -of "record_stream_ -target syn_ user_output"

3) Copy 13 records from an already attached file to another already attached file, starting with the 56th record of the input file:

cf -isw in -osw out -from 56 -ct 13

4) Copy records 43 through 78 from an already attached file to an already attached file:

cf -isw in -osw out -from 43 -to 78

5) Copy all but the first 7 records from segment testdata.11 to an already attached file:

cf -if "vfile_ testdata.11" -osw out -fm 8

6) Copy an entire indexed sequential file with keys:

cf -1sw in -osw out -all -keyed

7) Copy 13 records of an indexed sequential file starting with the record whose key is ASD66 to a sequential output file. No keys are copied.

cf -isw in -osw out -sr ASD66 -ct 13

7) Copy the records and keys from an indexed sequential file up to and including the record whose key is bb bt

cf -keyed -isw in -osw out -sp "bb""bb"

9191 	MULTICS CHANGE REQUES! MCH1480
1	TITLE: Changes to disk_control for more STATUS DATE meaningful error messages
i 	AUTHOR: Noet I. Morris / James A. Bush written:11/U2//
1	SOURCE: (if external; e.g., "User", "Marketing") Postponeg
1	CLASSIFICATION JUSTIFICATION Replaced by proposal MCR
F	Incompatible Imarketing
1	_ <u> </u>
i I	- Mestriction
1	

DETAILED PROPOSAL

REASONS:

- 1. The channel number on d/e1y1 error messages is displayed
- incorrectly. 2. Ine $\stackrel{ extstyle ?}{\sim}$ cylinder and nead number in the d/e191 error mess sage is displayed in octal, should be decimal.
- 5. Not enough information is being displayed by the "Lost IUM interrupt" and the "unexpected IUM status" error messages.

SUMMARY:

The changes mentioned above have been installed in Phoenix - (unoffically) ils_ order to trap a ds191 error that causes intermittant system crashes.

IMPLICATIONS: syserr messages for disk_control will display more useful information.

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м	MCR 1481 Page 1 of 1		
TITLE: Changes to BOS AUTHOR: Noel I. Morris		STAT Writ Stat	ten 11/06/75
-Coded in: PL/I X ALM _other-	Category (Check One)	Exp1	
explain in DETAILED PROPOSAL -Planned for System MR	Lib. Maint. Tools Sys. Anal. Tools	3	CUMENTATION CHANGES
-Fixes Bug Number(s)	Sys. Prog. Tools		
-Documented in MTB	355	Document	Specify One or More
-User/Operations-visible Interface change? yes X no -Incompatible change? yes Xno	X BOS Salvager Ring Zero	MPM (Vol,	
-Performance: Better Same	Ring One SysDaemon/Admin.	MOSN (Sec	
-Replaces MCR	Runtime User Cmmd/Subr.	MPAM (Sec	t.)
Objections/Comments:		Info Segs Other (Nam None (Rea	me)

Use these headings: SUMMARY, REASONS, IMPLICATIONS, DETAILED PROPOSAL (Optional)

SUMMARY:

Two BOS systems are currently being maintained and developed, one for the current storage system, and one for NSS. The following changes will help to minimize some of the differences between the two BOS system and to thus ease the maintainability problem.

Proposal:

- 1. NSS BOS required moving theorigin of the utility package from 7000 to 10000 to make room for some larger BOS programs. This required the reassembly of all BOS programs and made it impossible to use object for the current BOS, even for programs which did not change. It is proposed to move the origin of the utility package in the current BOS to coincide with that in NSS BOS.
- 2. NSS BOS requires new entries in the utility package transfer vector. Other transfer vector entries are obsolete in NSS BOS. It is proposed to reorder the transfer vectors of Both versions of BOS so that programs which do not differ between NSS BOS and the current BOS can be usedby either version.
- 3. NSS BOS requires new items in BOS common. Other items are obsolete. It is proposed to rearrange both versions of BOS common to allow the sharing of unchanged programs between both versions and to minimize unused space in the BOS common area.

Implication:

All of BOS will have to be reassembled. No operational changes will occur.

er. 3 +1022	м	ultics Change Request	MCR 1482 Page 1 of 1	
_	TITLE: Improve BOS disk error AUTHOR: Moel I. Morris	r diagnostics	STATUS Written	DATE 75.11.06
	-Coded in: PL/I XAIM other-explain in DETAILED PROPOSAL -Planned for System MR	Category (Check One) [Lib. Maint. Tools [Sys. Anal. Tools	expitas	A 1118/25 OS 18/26 ENTATION CHANGES
	-Fixes Bug Number(s) -Documented in MTB -User/Operations-visible Interface change? yes X no	Sys. Prog. Tools 355 X BOS Salvager	Document MPM (Vol, Se	Specify One or More
	-Incompatible change? yes no -Performance: Better Same Worse	Ring Zero Ring One SysDaemon/Admin.	PLMS (AN #) MOSN (Sect.)	
	-Replaces MCR	Runtime User Cmmd/Subr.	MPAM (Sect.) MSAM (Sect.)	
	Objections/Comments:		Info Segs	

Other (Name) None (Reason)

SUMMARY, REASONS, IMPLICATIONS, DETAILED PROPOSAL (Optional) Use these headings:

SUMMARY:

Multics was changed some time ago to provide more information on disk errors by printing the detailed status bytes provided by the disk subsystem. Many disk errors occur, however, during BOS operation (such as during a SAVE or RESTOR). BOS currently has no mechanism to retrieve and print the detailed status.

Proposal:

Modify the BOS disk DIM to retrieve and print the detailed disk status. Also, modify the programs NDISK and NCOPY (which perform the SAVE and RESTOR to disk and the SAVE COPY functions) to retrieve and print detailed status.

Implication:

FED will have more information when disk errors occur during BOS operation.

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Multics Change Request

MCR	1483	
Page .	of	

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TITLE: Change BOS to avoid lo	oading PRU1600 VFC	,	STATUS Written	DATE 75.00.06	
-Coded in: PL/I X AIM other- explain in DETAILED PROPOSAL -Planned for System MR	Category (Check One) Lib. Maint. Tools Sys. Anal. Tools		Status Expires DOCUMEN	TATION CHANGES	
-Fixes Bug Number(s) -Documented in MTB -User/Operations-visible	Sys. Prog. Tools 355 X BOS		Document Specify One or More		
Interface change? yes X no Salvager -Incompatible change? yes no Ring Zero -Performance: X Better Same Ring One	PLMS	(Vol, Sect (AN #)	•)		
Worse -Replaces MCR	SysDaemon/Admin. Runtime User Cmmd/Subr.		(Sect.)		
Objections/Comments:			(Sect.) Segs		
			r (Name) (Reason)	Not required	

Use these headings: SUMMARY, REASONS, IMPLICATIONS, DETAILED PROPOSAL (Optional)

SUMMARY:

When a PRU 1200/1600 printer is currently used by BOS for dumping, etc., a VFC image is always loaded. In certain cases, this action caused the printer to lose synchronization with the paper, since the Multics VFC image differed from the BOS image. This would occur both in BOS use of the printer and in subsequent Multics use.

Proposal:

- 1. Modify the VFC image in BOS to contain a two-page long (132 line) image instead of a one-page (66 line) image. Thus, page length will be the same as the Multics VFC image.
- 2. Modify the BOS printer initialization code to avoid loading the VFC image if one has already been loaded and the paper is synchronized with it.

Implication:

Operations will not have to resynch the paper as often.

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Multics Change Request

MCR		1484	
Page	1	of 2	

<u> </u>				
TITLE: Modifications to Bo AUTHOR: Operation	OS for Unattended		STATUS Written	DATE 75-11-06
Noel I. Morris				
-Coded in: PL/I XALM other-	Category (Check One)		Status	IA 11/18/75
			Expires	1 15/12/70
explain in DETAILED PROPOSAL -Planned for System MR	Lib. Maint. Tools Sys. Anal. Tools		DOCUMEN	TATION CHANGES
-Fixes Bug Number(s)	Sys. Prog. Tools			
-Documented in MTB	355	Docum	ent	Specify One or More
-User/Operations-visible	X BOS			
Interface change? X yes no	Salvager	MPM (Vol, Sect.)		
-Incompatible change? X yes no	Ring Zero	PTMS	(AN #)	
-Performance: Better X Same	Ring One		72-21 11 /	
Worse	SysDaemon/Admin.	MOGN	(Sect.)	5
-Replaces MCR	Runtime	MPAM	(Sect.)	
İ	User Cmmd/Subr.			
		MARM	(Sect.)	
Objections/Comments:		Info	Segs	
Notification about runcom file changes		Other	· (Name)	MOH
should be placed in SRB.	-	None	(Reason)	

Use these headings: SUMMARY, REASONS, IMPLICATIONS, DETAILED PROPOSAL (Optional)

SUMMARY:

Certain BOS improvements will ease unattended Multics operation. Some of these changes will provide a smoother BOS interface in general operation.

Proposal:

- Provide 36 flag hits which can be set and reset under BOS and tested by the IF command. Eventually, Multics will be able to modify these flag bits.
- 2. Modify the BOS runcom mechanism to perform argument substitution by string insertion instead of converted parameter insertion. This change would allow insertion of arguments of any length. It would eliminate the need to specify conversion type when arguments are to be inserted in a runcom.
- 3. Modify the WRITE command to print only the characters following the WRITE command instead of the characters following the first 6 characters of the command line.

Implications:

- Runcom files will have to be changed to drop the conversion type character in argument substitution. Thus, "&nt" (where n is argument number and t is conversion type)will become "&n".
- 3. This change will remove a BOS kludge. The command line

IF SHUT NEQ O WRITE UNSUCCESSFUL SHUTDOWN

used to produce the output

T NEQ 0 WRITE UNSUCCESSFUL SHUTDOWN

if shutdown_state was nonzero. With the improvement described above, the output produced would be

UNSUCCESSFUL SHUTDOWN

Note:

The BOS mechanism to allow substitutable arguments in runcoms has never been officially documented (except, possibly, in an SRB). A revised MOH section on BOS operation is being prepared, and when ready, will be issued as an MOSN <u>before</u> installation of these changes.

м	ultics Change Request		MCR 1485 Page 1 of 1
TITLE: Fix bug in reset_disk_meters		STAT	US DATE
AUTHOR: T. Casey		Writt	ten 7 November 75
-Coded in:XPL/I ALM other- explain in DETAILED PROPOSAL	Category (Check One)		
-Planned for System MR 3.1 -Fixes Bug Number(s)inreported	Sys. Anal. Tools		CUMENTATION CHANGES
-Documented in MTB	Sys. Prog. Tools	Document	Specify One or More
-User/Operations-visible Interface change? yes X no	BOS Salvager	MPM (Vol.	Sect.)
-Incompatible change? yes xno -Performance: X Better Same	Ring Zero Ring One	PLMS (AN #	#)
Worse	x SysDaemon/Admin.	MOSN (Sect	t.)
-Replaces MCR	Runtime User Cmmd/Subr.	MPAM (Sect	
		MSAM (Sect	t.)
Objections/Comments:		Info Segs	
		Other (Nam	
		None (Reas	son) no interface chang

Use these headings:

Summary of Proposal, Reasons for Proposal, Implications,

Detailed Proposal.

SUMMARY:

Change reset disk meters to makeunknown directories after resetting their time page product (tpp).

REASONS:

The tpp of all directories in the hierarchy with nonzero quota are reset during monthly billing. Failing to makeunknown the directories has caused the KST to fill up. With a very large hierarchy, the KST is guaranteed to fill up. When this happens the process faults and the monthly billing is interrupted.

IMPLICATIONS:

KST overflows will be avoided.

DETAILED PROPOSAL:

Since reset_disk_meters is driven by a list of directory names prepared by another procedure, it can make no assumptions about the order of the directories in the list, and will therefore simply attempt to makeunknown each directory after resetting its tpp. Some of the directories will be immediately re-initiated, or will remain initiated, because of references to directories inferior to them in the hierarchy, but most of them will be madeunknown, minimizing the possibility of KST overflow.

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Multics Change Request

MCR		1487	
Page	1	of	1

والمراج والمراجع والم			
TITLE: Changes to Hardcore Network Environment AUTHOR: D. M. Wells			
	Written 1975.11.10		
Category (Check One)			
والمرافق والمراف والمناهدة المرافق المرافع والمرافق والمرافق والمرافق والمرافق والمرافق والمرافق والمرافق والم			
355	Document Specify One or Mo	re	
BOS			
Salvager	MPM (Vol, Sect.)		
X Ring Zero	True (Av #) Network		
Ring One	PINS (All #) RECEVER		
SysDaemon/Admin.	MOSN (Sect.)		
X Runtime	MPAM (Sect.)		
User Cmmd/Subr.			
	MSAM (Sect.)		
Objections/Comments:			
<u>c</u>			
None			
	Category (Check One Lib. Maint. Tools Sys. Anal. Tools Sys. Prog. Tools 355 BOS Salvager * Ring Zero Ring One SysDaemon/Admin.	Category (Check One) Lib. Maint. Tools Sys. Anal. Tools Sys. Prog. Tools Sys. Prog. Tools Salvager X Ring Zero Ring One SysDaemon/Admin. MOSN (Sect.) X Runtime Written 1975.11.10 Status A DOCUMENTATION CHANGES Specify One or Moses PLMS (AN #) Network	

Use these headings: SUMMARY, REASONS, IMPLICATIONS, DETAILED PROPOSAL (Optional)

SUMMARY:

- 1) Fix unwind stack to use proper argument list when invoking cleanup handlers.
- 2) Rename hardcore gates into the Network Control Program.
- 3) Fix dstint to use stacq instruction instead of aos.
- 4) Add the neti signal to the list of those with System Condition Indices. (Also change user ring program net_signal_handler_ to use the SCT instead of patching the signal pointer in the per ring data base.)

REASONS:

- The improper call to the IMP DIM cleanup handler has caused several crashes at MIT.
- 2) With the move of much NCP administration into ring 1 (MCR 1211), it appears desirable to provide write-arounds for previously existing (although unreleased to users) interfaces. In order to do this, we will rename the existing gates, add the current names, and later move the name to a new on-line segment.
- 3) With the NCP starting to invoke dstint after system initialization, it should use the stacq to avoid double assignments.
- 4) It has always appeared to be inappropriate for the Network programs to patch the signal procedure pointer, and now that there exists an alternative, it appears desirable to use it.

IMPLICATIONS:

Hopefully, no # changes are being made which are bad.

	Multics Change Request			
TITLE: Alterations to Answering AUTHOR: Network.	Service potion of	STATUS DATE		
D. M. Wells		Written 1975.11.10		
-Coded in: ALM other-	Category (Check One)	Status A		
explain in DETAILED PROPOSAL	Lib. Maint. Tools			
-Planned for System MR	Sys. Anal. Tools	DOCUMENTATION CHANGES		
-Fixes Bug Number(s) Unreported	Sys. Prog. Tools			
-Documented in MTB -User/Operations-visible	355 BOS	Document Specify One or Mo		
Interface change? yes X no	Salvager	MPM (Vol. Sect.)		
-Incompatible change? yes Xno	Ring Zero			
-Performance: Better Same	Ring One	PLMS (AN #) Network		
X Worse (very, very slightly)	X SysDaemon/Admin.	MOSN (Sect.)		
-Replaces MCR_	Runtime	MPAM (Sect.)		
	User Cmmd/Subr.			
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	MSAM (Sect.)		
Objections/Comments:		Info Segs		
		Other (Name)		
1		None (Reason)		
by the FTP dialup module	order calls for use to	Service.) (FTP only) control use of transmogrification rate module or the current		
dialup) 3) Remove the names logger_	and net_tty_ from the	Answering Service Environment.		
(These have already	been replaced by the A	et_as_ name.)		
4) Add support within the ATTYDIM) concepts of l		o provide equivalent (to the		
5) Cause a special wa ahead one complete line		module, if a user has typed		
REASONS: 1) These changes were never actually installed and the old MCR has expired.				
module (see separately s	submitted MCR), it seems rently automatic) tran	el equivalent to the dialup_ ems desirable to be able to ansmogrification of File Transfer		
3) Now that all subroutine it seems desirable to rem				
4) To simplify some code in	the rest of the AS en	vironment. Also, the line		

Network portion -- where users have long typed ahead their name and password.)
IMPLICATIONS:

3) All site administrators will have to check their AS exec_coms (e.g. admin.ec). (END)

type concept seems, finally, to be the appropriate interface to allow a user to determine if he/she is logged in from the Network. (Though this

MCR does not propose to add such concepts to the user environment.)

5) Because of coding conventions in dialup_, if a user ever types ahead a complete line, the AS is not informed of the presense of a line and the use must type an extra blank line. (This only fixes the problem for the

er	•	3
410)2	2

Multics Change Request

MCR			14	89)
Page	1	0	f	1	

				,
TITLE: Investigation into provi	STATUS	DATE		
AUTHOR: D. Mlanguage processors Wells				1975,11.10
-Coded in: PL/I ALM other-	Category (Check One)		Status Expires	A 11/18/75 06/18/76
explain in DETAILED PROPOSAL -Planned for System MR	Lib. Maint. Tools Sys. Anal. Tools			TATION CHANGES
-Fixes Bug Number(s)	Sys. Prog. Tools			
-Documented in MTB	355	Docum	ment	Specify One or More
-User/Operations-visible	BOS			
Interface change? yes no	Salvager	MPM (Vol, Sect	•)
-Incompatible change? yes no	Ring Zero	PTMS	(AN #)	
-Performance: Better Same	Ring One			
Worse	SysDaemon/Admin.	MOSN	(Sect.)	
-Replaces MCR	Runtime	MPAM	(Sect.)	
(This MCR does not propose insta	User Cmmd/Subr.	<u> </u>		
(This lok does not propose inste	114610119	MSAM	(Sect.)	
Objections/Comments:		Info	Segs	
		Other	(Name)	
		None	(Reason)	

Use these headings: SUMMARY, REASONS, IMPLICATIONS, DETAILED PROPOSAL (Optional)

SUMMARY: Investigate concept of providing a special Answering Service module to handle Network File Transfer Protocol logins. This probably involves coding a module which is similar to the current dialup, but which understands the USER command rather than the login command, that is should say "300 login incorrect" rather than "login incorrect". It is hoped that this investigation will also show how to provide special processors for other services, such as APL, FAST, etc., which might want to provide a different interface to a user from the initial dialup of the terminal until the close of the session.

REASONS:

The current login of FTP processes is handled by transmogrification of lines received from dialup. This code has never been quite correct in the handling of error conditions. It also runs the risk of being incompatible with any slight changes made to dialup_ (or even at other sites due to changes in the local AS error table). It seems to be a simpler task to provide a module at the top level of language interpretation that talks FTP language and knows how to call AS subroutines.

IMPLICATIONS:

Several problems will be looked at for this study.

- 1) Several of the AS subroutine write directly on the terminal. This will have to be changed in some way.
- 2) During initialization of the AS lines, there will have to be a distinction made between the various flavors of login language.
- 3) The current AS error table provides some mechanism to allow other languages (for example) to be used at other sites. It will be useful to preserve this concept.

Primarily, this MCR is meant to inform other parts of the Multics community that we intend to look at this area.

750508	М	Multics Change Request			MCR 1491 Page 1 of 1
1	TITLE: Bug fix to operator AUTHOR: T. Casey	command "word"		ATUS	DATE 10 November 75
()	-Coded in: XPL/I AIM other-explain in DETAILED PROPOSAL -Planned for System MR 3.1	Category (Check One) Lib. Maint. Tools Sys. Anal. Tools		atus pires	A 11/18/76 05/18/75 PATION CHANGES
	-Fixes Bug Number(sunreported -Documented in MTB -User/Operations-visible Interface change? x yes no -Incompatible change? yes no -Performance: Better x Same	Sys. Prog. Tools 355 BOS Salvager Ring Zero Ring One X SysDaemon/Admin. Runtime User Cmmd/Subr.	Document Specify One or More MPM (Vol, Sect.) PLMS (AN #) MOSN (Sect.) 10 (MOH) MPAM (Sect.) MSAM (Sect.)		
	Objections/Comments:		Info Se Other (None (R	gs Name)	

Use these headings: Summary of Proposal, Reasons for Proposal, Implications, Detailed Proposal.

SUMMARY:

Change the action taken for the "word" command when a dialup message is given on the command line after the login word. Specifically:

- 1. Print the message on the Initializer console in all cases, rather than just some cases, as is currently done and,
- 2. If the message is too long, truncate it, print a message, and complete the operation, rather than aborting the operation in the middle, with the word changed but the message not changed, as is done now.

REASONS:

- 1. More sensible and useful operator interface.
- Makes the command work the way the MOH says it does.

IMPLICATIONS:

Less change of operator error or confusion.

м	ultics Change Request		MCR 1492 . Page 1 of
TITLE: Fix bugs and remove AUTHOR: T. Casey	restriction in ed_	Written	DATE 11 November
-Coded in: XPL/I ALM other-explain in DETAILED PROPOSAL -Planned for System MR 3.1 -Fixes Bug Number(s) see below -Documented in MTB -User/Operations-visible Interface change? X yes no -Incompatible change? yes Xno -Performance: Better X Same Worse -Replaces MCR Objections/Comments:	Category (Check One) Lib. Maint. Tools Sys. Anal. Tools Sys. Prog. Tools 355 BOS Salvager Ring Zero Ring One X SysDaemon/Admin. Runtime User Cmmd/Subr.	Expires	NTATION CHANGES Specify One or Moret.) AK50, Appendix A

Use these headings:

Summary of Proposal, Reasons for Proposal, Implications.

Detailed Proposal.

SUMMARY:

- 1. Fix bug that prevents setting of the abs max parameter to a positive nonzero value.
- Fix format problem in printing of cross references. 2.
- 3. Add a delete request to delete a load control group.
- 4. Add some checks to the verify request, that will print nonfatal warning messages for two suspicious-looking cases:
 - a work class with no groups in it, and
 - b) sum of work class percents <100%.

REASONS:

MIT has reported the bugs and requested the new features.

IMPLICATIONS:

The restriction noted in the detailed proposal is not a very clean interface, but the only alternative, in the short term, is refusing to provide the delete request at all.

DETAILED PROPOSAL:

It is not possible to install an mgt that deletes a load control Therefore, if a group that exists in the installed mgt is deleted from the administrator's copy, that copy would have to be copied into >sc1 overwriting the installed mgt, during a special session, before the answering service is started. The delete request will print a warning message to that effect.

750508	Multics Change Request			Page / of /
	TITLE: Change printer_on/off AUTHOR: more informative code Paul Green and Robert -Coded in: PL/I AIM other- explain in DETAILED PROPOSAL -Planned for System MR . / -Fixes Bug Number(s) -Documented in MTB -User/Operations-visible Interface change? yes no -Incompatible change? yes no -Performance: Better Same Worse -Replaces MCR	·s.	Written Status Expires DOCUMENT	DATE 11/11/75 A 11/18/75 OSI18/76 PATION CHANGES Specify One or More) ### : MPM Subr.
	Objections/Comments:		Info Segs Other (Name)	pending-changes
	Use these headings: Summary of Detailed P	Proposal, Reasons for	None (Reason) Proposal, Impli	cations,

Change the printer_on and printer_off order calls in the various 10 Modules which implement them, to return the status code error_table_\$action_not_performed ("The requested action was not performed") if the conversion tables for the particular terminal indicate that the terminal does not have the printer on/off capability.

REASONS:

Simplify the determination of whether or not a mask is needed for "secret" input (passwords, etc). With user-replaceable conversion tables on the way in the tty DIM (and already in existance in the Network pseudo-tty DIM), this is a useful feature which will greatly simplify and centralize existing code.

IMPLICATIONS:

This is an incompatible change. Users must be notified well in advance. Fortunately, they can begin changing their programs immediately. But the final result is well worth some inconvience.

DETAILED PROPOSAL:

Track down and check all system commands and tools which use these order calls, and update them for the new convention. These are: admin.pll and dialup_.pll in bound_user_control_, and get_password_.pll in bound_admin_tools_. Finally, change tty_index.pll in hardcore to return the new code.

- 6 device similar to IBM Model 2741 with correspondence keyboard and 015 typeball
- 7 device similar to Teletype Models 33 or 35
- 8 device similar to Teletype Model 38
- 9 unused
- 10 unused
- 11 device similar to a Computer Devices Inc.
 (CDI) Model 1030 or Texas Instruments
 (TI) Model 725, or a device with an
 unrecognized answerback, or a device
 without an answerback (these devices are
 collectively termed "ASCII" devices)

read_status

tells whether or not there is any type-ahead input waiting for a process to read. The info_ptr should point to the following structure that is filled in by the call:

where:

- 1. ev_chan is the event channel used to signal the arrival of input.
- 2. input_available indicates whether input is available.

 "O"b no input

 "1"b input

quit_enable causes quit signal processing to be enabled for this device. (Quit signal processing is initially disabled.)

quit_disable causes quit signal processing to be disabled for this device.

start causes a wakeup to be signalled on the event channel associated with this device. This request is used to restart processing on a device whose wakeup may have been lost or discarded.

printer_off causes the printer mechanism of the terminal to be temporarily disabled if it is physically possible for the terminal to do so. (Note:)

printer_on causes the printer mechanism of the terminal to be reenabled.

initiates the transmission of the device's answerback, if it is so equipped. This operation is allowed only for the process that originally attached the device (generally the initializer process). The answerback may subsequently be read by means of the get_chars input/output operation.

store_id stores the answerback identifier of the terminal for later use by the process. The info_ptr should point to a char(4) variable, which contains the identifier.

set_type sets the device type associated with the channel to one of the types described under the info control operation. The info_ptr should point to a fixed bin variable, which contains the type.

9/75

Notes

The status code error_table_\$action_not_performed is returned by the printer_on and printer_off control operations if the control tables currently in effect indicate that this terminal cannot perform the printer_on or printer_off operation. A code of zero is returned otherwise.

AG93 (MPM Subroutines) DRAFT: SUBJECT TO CHANGE Nov. 1975

pending changes.info

The hardcore ttydim (and the tty_ and ntw_ I/O Modules) will be changed in the future to return the status code error_table_\$action_not_performed for the printer on and printer off control operations if the control tables for the particular terminal indicate that the terminal does not support printer on and printer off. This is an incompatible change; programs which check the code returned by iox \$control (or ios \$order) must be changed to check for the new code. This change should be made as soon as possible to avoid any problems when the system change is finally installed.

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М	ultics Change Request			Page / of /	
TITILE: Fix many small bugs in	n Answering Service		STATUS Written	DATE 11/11/75	
-Coded in: PL/I ALM other-explain in DEIAILED PROPOSAL -Planned for System MR 3.1	Cotorome (Choole Ona)		Status Empires DOCUMEN	A 11 18/75 05/18/76 PATION CHANGES	
-Fixes Bug Number(s) see below -Documented in MTB -User/Operations-visible Interface change? yes no -Incompetible change? yes no -Performance: Better Same Worse -Replaces MCR	Sys. Prog. Tools 355 BOS Salvager Ring Zero Ring One SysDaemon/Admin. Runtime User Cmmd/Subr.	Document Specify One or Horo MPM (Vol, Sect.) login; MPM com PLMS (AN #) MOSN (Sect.) MPAM (Sect.) MSAM (Sect.)			
Objections/Comments:		Othe	Segs r (Name) (Reason)		

MCR

1495 .

Use these headings:

Summary of Proposal, Reasons for Proposal, Implications,

Detailed Proposal.

SUMMARY:

Fix many minor bugs which have been reported by users and operations in Answering Service 8.2.

1. Fix cv_cmf to compile last entry in CDT properly.

- 2. Fix astty to return a special code if the channel hangs up during a changemode or order operation.
- 3. Fix up_cdt_ to use process authorization, not max authorization, when bumping a user whose terminal access class has been reduced.
- 4. Fix dialup_ to correctly determine when a password mask is needed, and eliminate sending of black ribbon shift characters. (MPRF 8953)
- 5. Fix lg_ctl_ to handle the -generate_password control argument in a more sensible manner. (MPRF 8814)

REASONS:

More reliable operation. Bug #1 causes (at sites which have network lines at the end) the Answering Service to get Network and non-Network lines confused. Bug #2 causes the Answering Service to drop lines which hangup during login on a heavily loaded system. Bug #3 causes innocent users to be bumped. Bug #4 causes a password mask to be printed on 2741 terminals which have a printer off capability. Bug #5 is that the system does not check that the new password typed by the user is the same as the generated password supplied by the system; hence, a user can lock him/herself out due to a typing/transmission mistake.

IMPLICATIONS:

Documentation change for #5, but new method is much simpler.

-generate_password, -gpw

change the user's password to a new password, generated for the ser by the system. The login request asks for the old password first. If the old password is correct, a new password is generated and typed on the user's terminal. The user is asked to retype the new password, to verify that he has seen it. If the user types the new password correctly, it replaces the old password for subsequent logins, and the message "password changed" is printed at the user's terminal. If the user mistypes the new password, registered with the generated password attribute, the new password is reprinted on the terminal and the user is asked to retype it. If Person id does not have the generated password attribute, the password typed by the user, rather than the generated password,

password refused.

-change_default_project, -cdp

change the user's default project to be the Project_id specified in this login request line (see the description of the Project_id argument above). The default Project_id is changed for subsequent logins, and the message "default project changed" is printed at the user's terminal. If the -cdp control argument is given without Project_id а argument, an error message is printed.

becomes the new password.

-authorization XX, -auth XX set the authorization of the process to that specified by XX, where XX is a character string composed of level and category names for the desired authorization, separated by commas. The XX character string may not contain any embedded blank or tab characters. (The short names for each level and category are guaranteed to not contain any blanks or tabs, and can be used whenever the corresponding long names do contain blanks or The ХX character tabs.) string represent an authorization that is less than or equal to the maximum authorization of Person_id on the project Project_id. If this control argument is omitted, the user's registered default login authorization is (See "Access Control" in the MPM Reference Guide for more information about process authorizations.)

-change_default_auth, -cda

change the user's registered default login authorization to the authorization specified by the -authorization control argument. the authorization given by the user is valid, the default authorization is changed for subsequent logins, and the message "default authorization changed" is printed at the terminal. If the -cda control argument is given without the -auth argument, an error message is printed.

Ver. 3 741022 MULTICS CHANGE REQUEST	MCR 1496
TITLE: Add control arguments to dump_mpc AUTHOR: Larry Johnson	STATUS DATE Written 11/10/75 Status A 11/18/75
Planned for System: not applicable Fixes Bug Number(s): not applicable Documented in MTB: not applicable Incompatible Change: no User/Operations-visible Interface Change: no Coded in: (M)PL/I ()ALM ()other-see below Performance: ()better (M)same ()worse	CATEGORY (check one) ()Lib. Maint. Tools (M)Sys. Anal. Tools ()Sys. Prog. Tools ()355 ()BOS
DOCUMENTATION CHANGES (specify one or more) MPM (vol, sect) MPAM (sect) MOSN (sect) MSAM (sect) PLMs (AN#) Info Segs Other None (reason)	()Salvager ()Ring Zero ()Ring One ()SysDaemon/Admin ()Runtime ()User Command/Subr
OBJECTIONS/COMMENTS:	

Headings are: SUMMARY, REASONS, IMPLICATIONS, DETAILED PROPOSAL (optional)

Summary

The dump_mpc command produces a 3-part MPC dump: a trace table, a memory dump, and a statistical summary. In practice, it has been found that not all portions of the dump are needed all the time. Control arguments should therefore be added to select the portions of the dump that are desired.

Detailed proposal

See attached command description.

Name: dump_mpc

The dump_mpc command will perform a dump of the read/write memory of a microprogrammed peripheral controller (MPC) and selectively edit the dump, the trace table, and device statistics.

Usage

dump_mpc device -path- -control_args-

where:

1. device is the name of the MPC to dump, or in the case of a unit record MPC, the name of a device connected to it.

2. path is an optional pathname of a segment where the dump is to be stored. The default is mpc-type.list where mpc-type is "tape", "disk", or "urc".

3. control_args may be selected from the following list:

-dump causes the memory dump portion of the dump to be placed in the output segment.

-trace causes the trace table portion of the dump to be placed in the output segment.

-stat causes the device statistics to be placed in the output segment.

If neither the -stat, -dump, or -trace control arguments are specified, all portions of the dump will be prepared.

In order to dump a tape MPC, the device should be specified as "tape", or "tape_00". Similiarly, for disk, the device should be "disk", or "disk_00". To dump a disk MPC, however, the system must be configured with an I/O disk connected to the MPC. To dump a unit record MPC, any device connected to the MPC may be specified.

Before using this command, it may be necessary to place switch $\,^4$ on the MPC in the up position. This inhibits any further tracing of I/O in the MPC.

The dump produced by this command is in a format similiar to the BOS MPCD command.

Access to the gate rcp_priv_ is required to use the dump_mpc command.

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Multics Change Request

MCR	<u>1486</u>
Page	1 of

TITLE: New login argument and pdt value: subsystem AUTHOR: T. Common of the common of		STATUS Written	DATE	
-Coded in PL/I ALM other-explain in DETAILED PROPOSAL -Planned for System MR 3.1	Category (Check One) [Lib. Maint. Tools [Sys. Anal. Tools		Status Expires	6 November 7 P 11 1875 A 18 26 76 06 26 76 PATION CHANGES
-Fixes Bug Number(s) -Documented in MTB -User/Operations-visible Interface change? X yes no	Sys. Prog. Tools 355 BOS Salvager	Docum		Specify One or More
-Incompatible change? yesk no -Performance: Better Same Worse -Replaces MCR	Ring Zero Ring One X SysDaemon/Admin. Runtime	PLMS MOSN	(AN #) (Sect.)	66
Objections/Comments:	User Cmmd/Subr.	MSAM	(Sect.) Segs 100	rin, info
		Other None	r (Name) (Reason)	

Use these headings:

Summary of Proposal, Reasons for Proposal, Implications,

Detailed Proposal.

SUMMARY:

Add -subsystem (-ss) argument to login. Modify answering service to pass subsystem name to act_proc. Modify administrator tools to allow setting of a default subsystem for a user. The subsystem name is the pathname of a directory containing a prelinked subsystem.

REASONS:

Ability to select a prelinked subsystem, or to get one by default, is needed in order to make use of the prelinker.

IMPLICATIONS:

Because of lack of space in several tables, the subsystem name will have to be packed into the same string as the process overseer name, and a restriction imposed that the two names total no more than 64 characters.

DETAILED PROPOSAL:

The vinitproc attribute will be required in order to use the -subsystem argument on the login line. If a

subsystem pathname is given, it will be accepted and passed on to act_proc. If none is given, then if a default subsystem is defined in the user's PDT entry, it will be passed to act_proc. (The implication of "passed to act_proc" is that a character string is passed through the answering service without being checked for validity. This is also true for the process overseer.)

The keywords "subsystem: path;" and Subsystem: path;" will be accepted by cv_pmf to define a default subsystem for one user or all users on a project.

If both a subsystem name and a process overseer name are given, and their names add up to more than 64 characters, either in a PMF or on the login line, both will be rejected and translation will fail or login will fail and user will be invited to try again.

However, when only one of these parameters is given on the login line, and the 64 character limit is exceeded only when it is combined with a value from the PDT for the other parameter of the pair, the parameter given on the login line will be rejected, and the value in the PDT, (if any) will be used, and the login will succeed. (For example, giving a long pathname for subsystem will result in getting a non-prelinked process, unless a subsystem is given in the PDT.)

In the cases where the argument on the login line (-sub-system or -po) must be rejected because the pdt value for the other argument causes the 64 character restriction to be exceeded, the decision to log the user in has already been made. A process will be created using the value(s) from the pdt, and a message to that effect will be printed.

(This is consistent with the action currently taken when the -po argument is given but the user does not have the vinitproc attribute: a message is printed and a process is created using the process overseer specified in the user's pdt entry.) The restriction that the subsystem and process overseer name total no more than 64 characters is temporary, to allow implementation within the schedule. It will be removed in the future.

To be added to login MPM writeup

-subsystem path

-ss path

create the user's process using the prelinked subsystem in the directory specified by path.

er. 4 50508		MCR 1498 Page 1 of 1			
	TITLE: Fix access class be AUTHOR: S. Herbst	bug in msf_manager_		STATUS Written	DATE 11 November 75
	-Coded in: X PL/I AIM other-explain in DETAILED PROPOSAL -Planned for System MR -Fixes Bug Number(s) -Documented in MTB -User/Operations-visible Interface change? yes x no -Incompatible change? yesk no -Performance: Better K Same Worse	Category (Check One) Lib. Maint. Tools Sys. Anal. Tools Sys. Prog. Tools 355 BOS Salvager Ring Zero Ring One SysDaemon/Admin.	Docume MPM (V	ent Vol, Sect	A 11/25/75 05/25/16 TATION CHANGES Specify One or More
	-Replaces MCR Objections/Comments:	Runtime X User Cumd/Subr.	MSAM ((Sect.) (Sect.) Segs (Name)	
ļ	Use these headings: Summary of Detailed F	Proposal, Reasons for Proposal.	None ((Reason)	doc ok
	SUMMARY: Fix bug in msf_manage REASONS:	er_ that stopped API	L from	n workin	g•
	Cannot create a compo MSF because call to o			on on the	e

DETAILED PROPOSAL:

Do not attempt to get access class. Instead, use new feature of hcs_\$create_branch_ to use parent's access class.

	Multics Change Request		MCR 1499- Page / of /
TITLE: I/O Coordinator imp	provements and bug fi	STATUS Written	DATE ///12/75
-Coded in: PL/I AIM other explain in DETAILED PROPOSAL -Planned for System MR 3,/ -Fixes Bug Number(s) -Documented in MTB -User/Operations-visible Interface change? yes yes -Incompatible change? yes yes -Performance: Better Same -Replaces MCR	Lib. Maint. Tools Sys. Anal. Tools Sys. Prog. Tools 355 BOS Salvager Ring Zero	Status Expires DOCUMEN Document MPM (Vol. Sect PLMS (AN #) MOSN (Sect.) MPAM (Sect.) MSAM (Sect.)	
	of Proposal, Reasons for Proposal. f changes to the I/O	•	•
	nat can cause request incorrectly when Acce		

- 2. Cause a "resetread" order to be issued after a quit.
- 3. Cause the prompt "Enter Command" to be written on user_output rather than error_output.
- 4. When the coordinator discovers a driver is no longer active and did not finish its request, make the request eligible for another driver. Record how many copies the first driver finished so that the second driver does not have to repeat all copies.

Reasons: 1. The bug should be fixed.

- 2. Any input received before a quit should be flushed.
- 3. Writing on error output through mrd can cause unnecessary stars and bells to be typed on the initializer console.
- 4. Currently, if a driver dies without finishing a request, the request cannot be processed until the coordinator is reinitialized.

]	MCR 1500 Page of 3			
TITLE: A modified I/O Coordinator Command Interfacements				DATE
AUTHOR: Jerry A. Stern			Written	11/12/75
Coded and MDI /T AIM Tothers Ceterony (Check One)			Status	A'11/25/25
explain in DETAILED PROPOSAL			Expires	05/85/76
	Sys. Anal. Tools		DOCUMENTATION CHANGES	
-Fixes Bug Number(s)	Sys. Prog. Tools			
		Docu	ment	Specify One or Mo
-User/Operations-visible		MDM	(Val Saat	\
				•/
		PLMS	(AN #)	
	SysDaemon/Admin.	MOSN	(Sect.)	IO Daemon
-Replaces MCR	Runtime	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	User Cmmd/Subr.			
Objections/Comments:				
objections, comments.				······································
1				
Use these headings: Summary of Proposal, Reasons for Proposal, Implications, Detailed Proposal. Summary: Change the I/O Coordinator to accept commands at any time instead of only after a quit. Reasons: The present requirement to quit the coordinator is inconvenient especially when attached through mrd Also, quitting the the coordinator completely stops all I/O daemon operations, i.e., drivers cannot proceed. Moreover, the use of certain commands after a quit is dangerous since these commands depend upon the consistency of coordinator data bases. These data bases could be inconsistent if a coordinator operation were interrupted by a quit. The coordinator could inhibit quits during such operations, but this would make it impossible to interrupt the coordinator if it were caught in a loop, etc. The quit mechanism has simply been used for the wrong purpose in the current implementation. Implications: The Multics Operators' Handbook section on the coordinator would have to be updated to reflect this change. Also, operators familiar with the current interface would have to be re-educated. This is not a serious problem, however, because coordinator commands are rarely used and because the new interface will continue to accept a subset of commands				
	TITLE: A modified I/O Coor AUTHOR: Jerry A. Stern -Coded in: PL/I AIM other- explain in DETAILED PROPOSAL -Planned for System MR 3./ -Fixes Bug Number(s) -Documented in MTB -User/Operations-visible Interface change? yes no -Incompatible change? yes no -Performance: Better Same Worse -Replaces MCR Objections/Comments: Use these headings: Summary on Detailed Summary: Change the I/O Continuation in the coordinator in the coordinator in the coordinator in the coordinator in the consist bases could be interrupted by a during such oper to interrupt the etc. The quit me purpose in the coordinator	Multics Change Request TITLE: A modified I/O Coordinator Command Int AUTHOR: Jerry A. Stern -Coded in: PL/I AIM other- explain in DETAILED PROPOSAL -Planned for System MR 3./ -Fixes Bug Number(s) -Documented in MTB -User/Operations-visible Interface change? Yes no -Incompatible change? Yes no -Performance: Better Same Worse -Replaces MCR Use these headings: Summary of Proposal, Reasons for Detailed Proposal. Summary: Change the I/O Coordinator to accept instead of only after a quit. Reasons: The present requirement to quit the especially when attached through mr the coordinator completely stops altie., drivers cannot proceed. More commands after a quit is dangerous upon the consistency of coordinator bases could be inconsistent if a continue to interrupt the coordinator if it etc. The quit mechanism has simply purpose in the current implementati Implications: The Multics Operators' Handbook would have to be updated to reflect operators familiar with the current to be re-educated. This is not a secane of the continue to accept the coordinator commands are rance winterface will continue to accept the core in the current of	TITLE: A modified I/O Coordinator Command Interfact AUTHOR: Jerry A. Stern -Coded in VPL/I AIM other-explain in DETAILED PROPOSAL -Planned for System MR 3.1 -Planned for System MR 3.1 -Planned in MTB -Documented in MTB -User/Operations-visible -Interface change? ves no -Incompatible change? ves no -Performance: Better vsame - Worse -Replaces MCR User Cmmd/Subr. Use these headings: Summary of Proposal, Reasons for Proposal. Summary: Change the I/O Coordinator to accept consistend of only after a quit. Reasons: The present requirement to quit the coordinator completely stops all I/O i.e., drivers cannot proceed. Moreover, commands after a quit is dangerous since upon the consistency of coordinator date bases could be inconsistent if a coordinator during such operations, but this would to interrupted by a quit. The coordinator during such operations, but this would to interrupt the coordinator if it were etc. The quit mechanism has simply beer purpose in the current implementation. Implications: The Multics Operators' Handbook see would have to be updated to reflect this operators familiar with the current inter to be re-educated. This is not a seriou because coordinator commands are rarely new interface will continue to accept a	Multics Change Request TITLE: A modified I/O Coordinator Command Interfact STATUS AUTHOR: Jerry A. Stern -Coded in PL/I AIM other-explain in DETAILED PROPOSAL -Planned for System MR 3.1 -Fixes Bug Number(s) -Documented in MTB -User/Operations-visible Interface change? Yes no -Performance: Better Same Ring One -Replaces MCR -Replaces MCR -Replaces MCR -Replaces MCR -Reasons: Summary of Proposal, Reasons for Proposal, Impletailed Proposal. Summary: Change the I/O Coordinator to accept commands at instead of only after a quit. Reasons: The present requirement to quit the coordinator especially when attached through mrd. Also, quithe coordinator completely stops all I/O daemon i.e., drivers cannot proceed. Moreover, the use commands after a quit is dangerous since these upon the coordinator completely stops all I/O daemon i.e., drivers cannot proceed. Moreover, the use commands after a quit is dangerous since these upon the consistency of coordinator data bases. bases could be inconsistent if a coordinator ope interrupted by a quit. The coordinator couple interrupte the coordinator if it were caught if the coordinator ope interrupted by a quit. The coordinator couple interrupted by a quit. The coordinator couple interrupte the coordinator if it were caught if etc. The quit mechanism has simply been used for purpose in the current implementation. Implications: The Multics Operators' Handbook section on would have to be updated to reflect this change, operators familiar with the current interface we to be re-educated. This is not a serious proble because coordinator commands are rarely used and new interface will continue to accept a subset of the current interface will continue to accept a subset of the current interface will continue to accept a subset of the current interface will continue to accept a subset of the current interface will continue to accept a subset of the current interface will continue to accept a subset of the current interface will continue to accept a subset of the current interface will

Detailed Proposal: Change the coordinator to block for the input instead

dependent commands will be unavailable.

of blocking on a dummy channel. This will mean the coordinator is always at command level except when responding to event-call wakeups from drivers. When a quit is received, the coordinator will come to command level. However, certain data base

EXCERPT from The MUITICS Uperators' Handbook

This error message is not fatal and coordinator initialization will continue. However, if any other errors are encountered, the coordinator will print an error message followed by the line:

Process cannot be initialized.

This indicates a fatal error which should be brought to the attention of the system administrator or other responsible person. When the initialization is finished, the coordinator will type:

1/0 Coordinator initialized at command kvel

At this point, the coordinator is fully exerctional and ready to accept drivers.

COORDINATOR COMMANDS

move to a new section on how to quit the coordinator

The coordinator performs its job automatically without requiring any instructions from the operator. Therefore, it is rarely necessary for the operator to communicate with the coordinator. Occasionally, however, the operator may wish to issue one of the commands described below. The coordinator with only accept commands after a quit signal has been received. If the coordinator is logged in from an ordinary terminal, the operator should simply press the proper key to issue a quit signal (e.g. ATTN or INTERRUPT). If the coordinator is logged in from the initializer terminal as a consoleless daemon, the operator must type:

quit source_id

where source_id is the source name for the coordinator. (See the discussion of consoleless daemons). The coordinator will acknowledge the quit signal by typing:

io_coordinator: "QUIT" received.

The coordinator will then come to command level and type:

Enter command

At this point, and of the commands described below can be typed by the operator. After each command is processed, the coordinator will return to command level and again type:

Enter command

The operator should not send a second quit signal to the coordinator during this time that it is accepting commands. If a second quit signal is received, the coordinator will igrore it and point out the mistake by typing:

io_coordinator: QUIT aiready pending.

The coordinator stouid not be left in the quit state for an extended period of time since this will effectively half all active driver processes. The start command, described below, is used to return the coordinator to normal operation.

The following is a list of coordinator commands.

1. lõgout

This command causes the coordinator to be logged out. Normally, all driver processes should be logged out before the coordinator. If driver processes are not logged out, however, they will automatically detect the fact that the coordinator has been logged out. The drivers will reinitialize and walt for a new coordinator to be logged in.

2. start

This command causes the coordinator to resume normal operation following a quit signal. The coordinator will sease to assept commands until another quit signal is received.

3. list

This command causes the coordinator to print a list of active devices, i.e. devices currently assigned to drivers.

4. print_devices

This command causes the coordinator to print a list of all devices managed by the I/O daemon. The devices are grouped according to the request types they service. An asterisk (*) appearing before a device indicates that the associated request type is the default for the device. The driver access name and the driver authorization (if any) are given for each request type.

5. defer_status

This command causes the coordinator to print a list of device classes for which requests have been deferred. The number of deferred requests for each of these device classes is also printed. At sites having only one device class per request type, no requests will ever be deferred and hence this command will not be of interest. At sites having multiple device classes per request type. requests may be deferred whenever one or more drivers are active for a request type. By examining how many requests have been deferred for various device classes, the operator can judge when it is appropriate to switch a device from one device, class to another so that all device classes receive adequate service. The remaining Commands are not available following a quit 5.5 mal. 6. term <device_name>

This command is used to terminate a driver so that the device assigned to it can be assigned to another driver. The <device_name> for the driver should be specified following the command. Normally, driver termination is performed automatically when a driver logs out. Even if a driver process terminates abnormally, the coordinator will still be able to discover what has occurred and assign the device to a new driver. Therefore, the only time it is necessary to use the "term" command is when one wishes to terminate an active driver which cannot be logged out. This might be necessary, for example, if the driver is logged in from a remote location.

7. restart_status

This command causes the coordinator to print the rumber of restartable requests for each different request series and to identify those request series for which a restart cycle is in progress. (See "Coordinator Communication Commands" under "Driver Commands" below.)

LOGIN AND INITIALIZATION OF DEVICE DRIVERS

Device drivers must be logged in after the coordinator. If there is no coordinator logged in, a driver will wait up to 5 minutes for one to log in. Otherwise, it will print an error message and log out.

Logging In a Driver

At same sites the drivers will be logged in automatically at system start-up time. At other sites, the operator may be required to log in the drivers. The login ID for the drivers is "IO SysDaemon", the same as for the coordinator. The procedure for logging in a dirver is the same as that described earlier for the coordinator.

Ver. 3 1 741022 MULTICS CHANGE REQUEST	MCR1501
I TITLE: fix minor bugs in tape_ansi_	SIAIUS_ DAIE
AUTHOR: Ross E. Kilnger 	Hritian 11/15/75 Status A U/46/75 Expires 05/15/76
I Planned for System: MR 3.1	
Fixes Bug Number(s): unreported	[CATEGORY (check one)
I Documented in MTB: not applicable	1()Lib. Maint. Tools
I Incompatible Change: no	1()Sys. Anal. Tools
User/Operations-visible Interface Change: no	1()Sys. Prog. Tools
Coded In: (B)PL/I ()ALM ()other-see below	1()355
l Performance: ()better (B)same ()worse	1()BOS
بسیم جنبیت سے محصصی خبات مع مارکات ہو جنگ کا شاہد کہ اناقاعات میں ان سے جانب سات مارکات کے عالم ان ان مارکات	l()Salvager
DOCUMENTATION CHANGES (specify one or more)	1()Ring Zero
	1()Ring One
MOSN (sect) MSAM (sect)	<pre>1()SysDaemon/Admin</pre>
1 PLMs (AN#)	()Runtime
l Info Segs	1(0)User Command/Subr
1 Other	1
None (reason) conform to documentation	
OBJECTIONS/COMMENTS:	!
	!
	:

SUMMARY: fix minor bugs in tape_ansi_

REASONS: conform to documentation

IMPLICATIONS: elimination of inconsistencies and incorrectness

DETAILED PROPOSAL: 1) make -ring option compatible with output mode options

- 2) make error reporting of non-existent files more understandable and predictable.
- 3) make error reporting of incorrect volume id's more understancable and predictable.

Ver. 4 750508	м	MCR 1502 Page 1 of 2				
~	TITLE:General IO Daemon Fixe	es			STATUS Written	DATE 11/17/75
	-Coded in: PL/I AIM other-explain in DETAILED PROPOSAL	Ca	tegory (Check One) Lib. Maint. Tools		Status Expires	A 11 25 75 05 26 76
	-Planned for System MR 3.1 -Fixes Bug Number(s)		Sys. Anal. Tools Sys. Prog. Tools	<u> </u>	DOCUMENT	TATION CHANGES
:	-Documented in MTB		355	Docu	ment	Specify One or More
	-User/Operations-visible Interface change? yes x no		BOS Salvager	MPM	(Vol, Sect.	.)
	-Incompatible change? yes xno -Performance: Better x Same		Ring Zero Ring One	PLMS	(AN #) I	O Daemon (unwritte
	Worse	х	SysDaemon/Admin.	MOSN	(Sect.)	
	-Replaces MCR		Runtime	MPAM	(Sect.)	

Objections/Comments:

Summary of Proposal, Reasons for Proposal, Implications, Detailed Proposal.

MSAM (Sect.)

Info Segs Other (Name) None (Reason)

Summary:

- Shorten error message on seg_fault_error condition.
- 2. Put header from the -he option on flip cards.
- 3. Put error messages from normal request processing on log stream rather than on error output.
- 4. Tell coordinator how many copies of a request were completed, if the driver dies in the middle of a multi-copy request.
- 5. Change the restart command to complete only the unprocessed copies of a multi-copy request.
- 6. Make the driver go to command level if an IO error occurs on the device output stream

Reasons:

- 1. A seg_fault_error condition on the user's segment currently being processed does not require multiple lines of explanation with "beeper" activation, but rather a one line message.
- 2. The header information from the -he option was previously ignored (reference Multics Problem Report Form #008923) preventing any header on punched cards.
- 3. Since operator intervention is unnecessary in the handling of normal request error messages, the writing of these messages to the operator's console is also unnecessary. Thus, these error messages should be directed only to log stream.

- 4 and 5. By telling the coordinator how many requests have already been processed, only the remaining number of requests need be processed after a restart. This also avoids extra copies and charges to the user.
- 6. If an IO error occurs on the device output stream operator attention is required. By returning to command level, further processing of requests is prevented until operator intervention is obtained.

Ver. 4			
750508	Multies	Change	Request

MCR	150	3	
Page	1	of	1

TITLE: Add checks for a null working dir			STATUS	DATE	
AUTHOR: Jerold C. Whitmore	·		Written	11-18-75	
-Coded in XPL/I AIM other- explain in DETAILED PROPOSAL -Planned for System MR 3.1	Category (Check One) Lib. Maint. Tools Sys. Anal. Tools		Status Expires DOCUMEN	A 11 25 75 D5 85 76 PATION CHANGES	
-Fixes Bug Number(s) -Documented in MTB	Sys. Prog. Tools	Document Specify One or			
-User/Operations-visible BOS Interface change? yes x no Salvager -Incompatible change? yes x no Ring Zero			MPM (Vol, Sect.) PLMS (AN #)		
-Performance: Better x Same Worse	Ring One SysDaemon/Admin.		(AN #)		
-Replaces MCR	Runtime x User Cmmd/Subr.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(Sect.)		
Objections/Comments:		Info			
		Other (Name)			
		None	(Reason)		

Summary of Proposal, Reasons for Proposal, Implications,

Detailed Proposal.

Summary:

- Add a new error_table_entry, error_table_\$no_wdir, no_wdir, no working directory set for this process.
- Change expand_path_ to check for a null string returned from hcs_\$fs_search_get_wdir and return the new error_table_ code.
- 3. Change cwd entries to check for a null string returned from hcs \$fs_search_get_wdir and return the new error_table_ code or call com err with the new error table code as appropriate.

Reasons:

It is possible for a user to login without access to his home directory. Currently, no error message is given to tell the user that relative pathnames will not work until the cwd command is given with a full pathname. It is useful to allow such a process to continue so help can be requested (e.g., to send mail).

ver	•	4
750)5(8

м	Page I of I			
TITLE: bk input not to abort format AUTHOR: R. Mullen, B. Silve			STATUS Written	DATE
-Coded in: XPL/I ALM other- explain in DETAILED PROPOSAL -Planned for System MR	Category (Check One) Lib. Maint. Tools Sys. Anal. Tools		Status Expires DOCUMEN	A 11/25/75 05/25/76 TATION CHANGES
-Fixes Bug Number(s)inreported -Documented in MTB -User/Operations-visible Interface change? yes x no -Incompatible change? yes x no	Sys. Prog. Tools 355 BOS Salvager Ring Zero	MPM (Vol, Sect.)		Specify One or More
-Performance: Better X Same Worse -Replaces MCR	X Ring One SysDeemon/Admin. Runtime User Cmmd/Subr.	Mosn	(AN #) (Sect.) (Sect.)	
Objections/Comments:		Info	(Sect.) Segs	

Summary of Proposal, Reasons for Proposal, Implications,

None (Reason) invisible bug fix

Detailed Proposal.

SUMMARY:

Upon receipt of code = error_table_\$improper_data_format the reloader will query the user as to whether a new tape should be mounted. The method of query already exists and is used for other "unexplained errors".

REASONS:

Currently the reloader calls for a new tape, although in all cases in living memory the rest of the current tape has been in fact readable.

IMPLICATIONS:

Completeness of reloads is augmented.

DETAILED PROPOSAL:

As above.

Ver. 3 741022 MULTICS CHANGE REQUEST	MCR1505
TITLE: Create a new hardcore metering gate. AUTHOR: Steve Webber	STATUS DATE
Planned for System: not applicable Fixes Bug Number(s): not applicable Documented in MTB: not applicable Incompatible Change: no User/Operations-visible Interface Change: yes Coded in: ()PL/I (M)ALM ()other-see below Performance: ()better (M)same ()worse DOCUMENTATION CHANGES (specify one or more) MPM (vol,sect) MOSN (sect) PLMs (AN#) AN60 (to be written) Info Segs Other	CATEGORY (check one) ()Lib. Maint. Tools ()Sys. Anal. Tools ()Sys. Prog. Tools ()355 ()BOS ()Salvager ()Ring Zero ()Ring One ()SysDaemon/Admin ()Runtime ()User Command/Subr
OBJECTIONS/COMMENTS:	

SUMMARY:

Install a new hardcore gate to be used for metering events which are inherently hardcore events. Entries in this gate would allow extraction of information such as page trace statistics, link meters (while they remain in ring 0), and fault meters.

REASONS:

The addition of an alternate gate for such uses allows us more freedom in specifying access to the functions as well as freedom in moving other programs out of ring zero by merely moving names around.

IMPLICATIONS:

Users of any hardcore meters which will eventually be returned through the new gate must change their programs.

DETAILED PROPOSAL:

The initial entries being proposed for the new gate are

hcm_\$get_page_trace
hcm_\$get_fim_meters
hcm_\$get_link_meters

The link meters entry might possibly want to be in a user ring gate so that conversion to the user ring linker is easier.

The names of the entrypoints will be put on the gate segment.

Ver. 3 741022 MULTICS CHANGE REQUEST	MCR 1506
TITLE: Fix bugs in linker introduced in 27-2.	STATUS DATE
AUTHOR: Steve Webber	Written 11/18/75 Status 4 1/25/15 Expires 05/18/76
Planned for System: MR 3.1 Fixes Bug Number(s): unreported Documented in MTB: not applicable Incompatible Change: no	CATEGORY (check one) ()Lib. Maint. Tools ()Sys. Anal. Tools
User/Operations-visible Interface Change: no Coded in: (M)PL/I ()ALM ()other-see below Performance: (M)better ()same ()worse	()Sys. Prog. Tools ()355 ()BOS ()Salvager
MPM (vol, sect) MPAM (sect)	(M)Ring Žero ()Ring One
MOSN (sect)	()SysDaemon/Admin ()Runtime ()User Command/Subr
Other None (reason) No changes (bug fixes only)	
OBJECTIONS/COMMENTS:	

SUMMARY:

Fix the following bugs introduced in the 27-2 linker:

- 1. FORTRAN common stopped working.
- 2. LISP pl1 subr's stopped working.
- 3. HPL stopped working (multiple linkage segments).
- 4. Certain trap-at-first-reference programs stopped working.

REASONS:

To get to the other side.

link meter	
TTHE MCOCL	S

Item	Meaning
Calls	The number of calls to the linker that are completed in each time slot and the total number of calls made to the linker by the process.
avg time	The average time (in milliseconds) to completion for a call in each slot and the total average time to completion for a call to the linker made by the process.
avg pf	The average number of page faults for a call in that slot and for a call made by the process.
tot time	The total virtual time (in seconds) taken by calls in that slot and the total virtual time spent in the linker by the process.
	= calls * avg time

Percentage of total linker time for the process that was taken by calls in each slot.

Example

% time

linkage_meters

Linkage Meters:

	slot	calls	avg time	avg pf	tot time	% time
50-75	<5425 54-128 128-192	286 15 1	166.862	1.5 9.5 32.0	5.724 1.166 .167	81.1 16.5 2.4
75	> 192		0.000	0.0	0.000	0.0
	Total	302	23.367	2.0	7.057	

Name: system_link_meters, slm

The system_link_meters command prints out system-wide statistics regarding usage of the Multics linker. Information is obtained from the data bases: active_hardcore_data and tc_data. Per-process linkage information is available from the link_meters command.

<u>Usage</u>

system_link_meters -control_arg-

where control_arg can be selected from the following list:

-reset, -rs

resets the metering interval to begin at the last call with -reset specified. If -reset has never been given in a process, it is equivalent to having been specified at system initialization time.

-report_reset, -rr

generates a full report and then performs the reset operation.

If no control arguments are given, a full report is generated.

Notes.

The following are brief descriptions of the variables printed out by system_link_meters. The calls to the linker are broken down into four slots:

- 1. Calls completed in less than 44 milliseconds
- 2. Calls completed in between 4 and 128 milliseconds
- 3. Calls completed in between 28 and 22 milliseconds
- 4. Calls completed in greater than 192 milliseconds

Ver. 3 741022 MULTICS CHANGE REQUEST	MCR 1507
TITLE: Install system linkage metering tools consistent with 27-2 linker. AUTHOR: Steve Webber	STATUS DATE Written 11/18/75 Status
Planned for System: MR 3-1 Fixes Bug Number(s): unreported Documented in MTB: not applicable Incompatible Change: no User/Operations-visible Interface Change: yes Coded in: (M)PL/I ()ALM ()other-see below Performance: ()better (M)same ()worse DOCUMENTATION CHANGES (specify one or more) MPM (vol,sect) MPAM (sect) MOSN (sect) MSAM (sect) PLMs (AN#) AN52 (attached) Info Segs Other	CATEGORY (check one) ()Lib. Maint. Tools ()Sys. Anal. Tools (M)Sys. Prog. Tools ()355 ()BOS ()Salvager ()Ring Zero ()Ring One ()SysDaemon/Admin ()Runtime ()User Command/Subr
OBJECTIONS/COMMENTS:	

SUMMARY:

Upgrade the metering tools link_meters and system_link_meters to the 27-2 linker.

REASONS:

The 27-2 linker is sufficiently faster than the previous linker so that changing the width of the buckets in the metering histogram is appropriate. There will now be four buckets of width 25 milliseconds instead of 64 milliseconds.

Name: link_meters, lkm

The link_meters command prints out per-process information regarding use of the Multics linker. The statistics are obtained from the Process Data Segment (PDS) of the process. System-wide linkage information can be obtained with the system_link_meters command.

<u>Usage</u>

link_meters -control_arg-

where control_arg can be selected from the following list:

-reset. -rs

resets the metering interval to begin at the last call with -reset specified. If -reset has never been given in a process, it is equivalent to having been specified at process initialization time.

-report_reset, -rr generates a report and then performs the reset operation.

If no control argument is given, a full report is generated.

Notes

The following are brief descriptions of the variables printed by link_meters. The calls to the linker are broken down into four slots:

- 1. Calls completed in less than 🖋 milliseconds
- 2. Calls completed in between 4 and 128 milliseconds
- 3. Calls completed in between 128 and 192 milliseconds
- 4. Calls completed in greater than 192 milliseconds

Ver. 3 741022 MULTICS CHANGE REQUEST	MCR 1508
TITLE: Install new system_link_meters consistent with 27-0. AUTHOR: Steve Webber	STATUS DATE
Planned for System: MR 3.1 Fixes Bug Number(s): unreported Documented in MTB: not applicable Incompatible Change: no User/Operations-visible Interface Change: no Coded in: (M)PL/I ()ALM ()other-see below Performance: ()better (M)same ()worse DOCUMENTATION CHANGES (specify one or more) MPM (vol, sect) MPAM (sect) MOSN (sect) MSAM (sect) PLMs (AN#)	CATEGORY (check one) ()Lib. Maint. Tools ()Sys. Anal. Tools ()Sys. Prog. Tools ()355 ()BOS ()Salvager ()Ring Zero ()Ring One ()SysDaemon/Admin ()Runtime
Info Segs Other None (reason) No change OBJECTIONS/COMMENTS:	()User Command/Subr

SUMMARY:

Install new version of system_link_meters consistent with 27-0.

REASONS:

The hardcore system 27-0 changed the format of active_hardcore_data which system_link_meters thought it understood. The program has been changed to use the standard include file for active_hardcore_data and hence a simple recompilation is all that is needed.

Ver. 3 741022 MULTICS CHANGE REQUEST	MCR1509
TITLE: Reformat IPC event channel names.	STATUS DATE
AUTHOR: Steve Webber	Written 11/18/75 Status A 11/25/75
Planned for System: not applicable	Expires 05/18/76
Fixes Bug Number(s): unrorted	CATEGORY (check one)
Documented in MTB: not applicable Incompatible Change: yes	()Lib. Maint. Tools ()Sys. Anal. Tools
User/Operations-visible Interface Change: yes Coded in: (M)PL/I ()ALM ()other-see below	()Sys. Prog. Tools ()355
Performance: ()better (N)same ()worse	()BOS ()Salvager
DOCUMENTATION CHANGES (specify one or more)	()Ring Žero
HPM (vol, sect) MPAM (sect) MOSN (sect) MSAM (sect)	()Ring One ()SysDaemon/Admin
PLMs (AN#) AN68 (to be written)	¦(X)Runtime
Info Segs yes (attached) Other	()User Command/Subr
OBJECTIONS/COMMENTS:	
<u> </u>	
; !	

SUMMARY:

Change the format of an IPC event channel name.

REASONS:

The current format contains a relative offset within the process's combined linkage region to the event channel table (ECT) entry for the channel. This format does not work if a process has more than one combined linkage region (as is becoming more and more common) and the ECT needs to be extended after the initial combined linkage region has been filled.

IMPLICATIONS:

Any user program that thinks it understands the format of an ECT and an event channel name must be changed. There are probably no such programs because there is little a user can do by knowing the format and an ECT name. However, there must be adequate warning anyway.

DETAILED PROPOSAL:

The event channel name format will be changed as indicated by the following 2 PL/I declarations describing the old and new formats respectively.

OLD FORMAT

- dcl ! event_channel_name based aligned,
 2 rel_ptr bit (18) unal,
 2 ring bit (3) unal,
 2 uid bit (51) unal;
 - NEW FORMAT
- dcl 1 event_channel_name based aligned,
 2 ect_ptr ptr unal,
 2 ring fixed bin (3) unal,
 2 uid bit (32) unal;

Note that the uid field is shrinking from 51 to 32 bits. This is acceptible since the uid must be unique only for the process. The unique ID generator will probably start with a time value and increment this seed when a new event channel is created.

help -pn new_event_channel_names (8 lines follow) 11/17/75 - new_ec_name

2 uid bit (32) unal;

The format of an event channel name is being changed. Users were told that these names have internal structure but not what the structure is, to declare the names as fixed bin (71) quantities, and that the IPC primitives would fill in and use the variables so filled in. All of this continues to be true. The only change is in the actual internal format used and its interpretation by the system.

Rest of segment has 10 lines titled "Changed declarations". More help? yes Changed declarations: The following PL/I declarations describe the old and new formats.

dcl 1 old_event_channel_name based aligned,
 2 rel_ptr bit (18) unal,
 2 ring bit (3) unal,
 2 uid bit (51) unal;

dcl 1 new_event_channel_name based aligned,
 2 ecte_ptr ptr unal,
 2 ring fixed bin (3) unal,

Summary of Proposal, Reasons for Proposal, Implications,

Other (Name)
None (Reason)

Detailed Proposal.

SUMMARY:

Implement the command repeat_query (rq), instead of the recently approved reprint_query, as part of the command_query_ module. If the last question typed by command_query_ has not yet been answered, this command types the question again and returns to the last command_query_stack frame to await a response. Otherwise, it types:

repeat_query: No pending query.

REASONS:

This command is less trouble for the user than reprint_query, which just types the question and forces you to restart before answering.

Name: repeat query

This command repeats the last query (by the command query subroutine) if it has not yet been answered.

It is useful for re-interpreting questions that are garbled.

Usage: repeat_query

Note: If no question has been asked, or the latest question was answered, the error message "no pending query", is printed.

Example:

Suppose that the console starts to type a question while the user is typing. The query looks like:

E@foo.pl1u?

The user signals QUIT and invokes repeat_query. The console types:

Do you want to delete the old segment foo.pll?

The user answers and continues.

Ver. 4 750508	Multics Change Request					MCR 1511. Page I of I	
	TITLE: Fix active functions to work as commands				STATUS	DATE	
	AUTHOR: S. Herbst	AUTHOR: S. Herbst				18 November	
	-Coded in X PL/I AIM other- Category (Check One)				Status	A 11/25/75	
	explain in DETAILED PROPOSAL	Lib. Maint. Tools			Expires	05/26/76	
	-Planned for System MR -Fixes Bug Number(s)		Sys. Anal. Tools		DOCUMENTATION CHANGES		
			Sys. Prog. Tools				
	-Documented in MTB		355	Docu	ment	Specify One or More	
	-User/Operations-visible	BOS					
	Interface change? x yes no		Salvager	MPM	(Vol, Sect	.)	
	-Incompatible change? yesXno -Performance: Better X Same		Ring Zero Ring One	PLMS	PLMS (AN #)		
	Worse		SysDaemon/Admin.	MOSN	(Sect.)		
	-Replaces MCR		Runtime		(Sect.)		
		X	User Cmmd/Subr.				
				MSAM (Sect.)			
	Objections/Comments:	Info Segs					
				Othe	er (Name)		
				None	(Reason)	documentation OK	
	Use these headings: Summary of Detailed I		posal, Reasons for	Prop	osal, Impli	ications,	
	SUMMARY:			·			
	Fix the active fun return values) whe				work (pri	nt their	
	REASONS:						
	Standard behavior	for	installed activ	ze fu	nctions.		
	DETAILED PROPOSAL:						
	The following acti	ve :	functions are to	b e	fixed:		
	get_pathnam home_dir	e	links nonli				

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M	MCR 1512 Page 1 of		
TITLE: Remove star convention AUTHOR: S. Herbst	on from new send m	nessage STATUS	
-Coded in:XPL/I ALM other- explain in DETAILED PROPOSAL	Category (Check One Lib. Maint. Too	ls	B 10/25/75
-Planned for System MR -Fixes Bug Number(s)	Sys. Anal. Tool Sys. Prog. Tool		MENTATION CHANGES
-Documented in MTB	355	Document	Specify One or Mor
-User/Operations-visible Interface change? X yes no	BOS Salvager	MPM (Vol, S	ect.) AG92
-Incompatible change? x yes no -Performance: Better x Same	Ring Zero Ring One	PLMS (AN #)	
Worse	SysDaemon/Admin Runtime	MOSN (Sect.)
-Replaces MCR	X User Cmmd/Subr.	MPAM (Sect.	
		MSAM (Sect.)
Objections/Comments:		Info Segs Other (Name)
		None (Reason	

SUMMARY:

Remove star convention (sending to all users on a given project or sending to a given user on all projects) from send message.

REASONS:

Use of this feature is discouraged because one invocation of the command annoys many users. In cases where several destinations link to the same mailbox, the star convention puts in multiple copies of the same message. implementation of this feature is complicated and expensive, involving a complete search of the who table, and its removal greatly simplifies send message. can always build an exec_com to send to many users at one time if it is necessary to do so.

send_n-ssage

send_message

sm Person_id Project_id so long (for now)

sends two lines:

so long for so long now

In both of these examples, the sender's intended message would have been sent if he had enclosed the message in quotes (e.g., "so long (for now)").

When a message appears on the command line, either the Person_id or the Project_id (but not both) can be "*". If the Person_id is "*", the line is sent to all users logged in under the given project. If the Project_id is "*", the given user receives the message on all projects under which he is logged in.

The user can receive messages while he is in send_message input mode. He can therefore carry on a conversation with a single invocation of the command.

Example

If WJones on the Alpha project sends the following to RTSmith on the Beta project:

sm RTSmith Beta I need access to your listing command

the message would print on RTSmith's terminal (if RTSmith is accepting messages) as follows:

from WJones. Alpha: I need access to your listing command

help -on sm (19 lines follow; 39 lines in seament) 04/11/74

lame: send_message
 send_message_silent
 sms
 send_message_acknowledge
 sma
 sm

Usage

To send a message to another user:
send_message user_name project message
(send_message may be abbreviated as sm)

where:

Rest of seament has 25 lines. More help? yes user_name is the name of the user to whom messages are to be sent.

project The project the user is loaged in under.

message The message to be sent. All arguments after the project are concatenated with single intervening spaces to form the message. If this argument is omitted, send_message types "Input.' and sends each line as it is typed, until a line with only "." is typed.

Alternate forms of send_message:

send_message_acknowledge
sma

causes a reply message to be sent automatically when the message is typed on the receiver's console.

send_message_silent
sms

does not type the "Wakeup not sent", or the "messages have been deferred" warnings.

(End)

м	ultics Change Request			MCR Page	1513. 1 of 1
TITLE: Implement print_market AUTHOR: S. Herbst	essages -last		STATUS Written		
-Coded in: XPL/I AIM other-explain in DETAILED PROPOSAL -Planned for System MR -Fixes Bug Number(s) -Documented in MTB -User/Operations-visible Interface change? X yes no -Incompatible change? yes Xno -Performance: Better X Same Worse -Replaces MCR	Category (Check One) Lib. Maint. Tools Sys. Anal. Tools Sys. Prog. Tools 355 BOS Salvager Ring Zero Ring One SysDaemon/Admin. Runtime X User Cmmd/Subr.	Docum MPM (PLMS MOSN	Status A 1/25/75 Expires 06/25/76 DOCUMENTATION CHANGES ument Specify One or More (Vol, Sect.) AG92 S (AN #) N (Sect.) M (Sect.)		7 Q NGES
Objections/Comments:		Info			

Summary of Proposal, Reasons for Proposal, Implications,

None (Reason)

Detailed Proposal.

SUMMARY:

Implement "-last" control argument to print_messages command. When this control argument appears, only the latest message (if there is one) received during this process is printed. The message is not deleted, though it has been read before. pm -last -all is the same as pm -last.

Name: print_messages, pm

The print_messages command prints any interprocess messages that were received (and saved in the user's con_msgs segment) while the user was not accepting messages. (For a description of the con_msgs segment refer to the accept_messages command.)

<u> Usage</u>

where control arg can be:

The user must issue either the accept_messages or defer_messages command before issuing the print_messages command.

If messages are deferred, it is a good practice to print out pending messages periodically.

> -last

Print only the latest message received. This feature is useful for repeating a garbled message.

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M	Page 1 of 1			
TITLE: Make new_user compi	STATUS Written	DATE 18 November		
-Coded in: XPL/I AIM other- explain in DETAILED PROPOSAL -Planned for System MR 3.1	Category (Check One) Lib. Maint. Tools Sys. Anal. Tools		Status Expires DOCUMEN	19 1/25 75 105/25 76 TATION CHANGES
-Fixes Bug Number(s)TR Ø166 -Documented in MTB -User/Operations-visible Interface change?yes X no -Incompatible change?yes X no -Performance: Better X Same Worse -Replaces MCR	Sys. Prog. Tools 355 BOS Salvager Ring Zero Ring One SysDaemon/Admin. Runtime User Cmmd/Subr.	PLMS MOSIN MPAM	(AN #) (Sect.)	Specify One or More
Objections/Comments:		Info Other	(Sect.) Segs (Name) (Reason)	

Summary of Proposal, Reasons for Proposal, Implications.

Detailed Proposal.

SUMMARY:

Fix new_user so that it will compile with the latest version of pnt.incl.pll.

REASONS:

It will not compile now, because the names of some AIM-related variables got changed in the include file.